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WASHINGTON, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 26, 1915.

PRICE ONE CENT

G. A. R. ACTIVITIES CANDIDATES FOR COMMANDER OF G. A. R. GAINS MARK NEW ARE IN FULL SWAY: **BIG FETE TONIGHT**

President Wilson Will Welcome Veterans in Name of Nation and Capital -- Many Patriotic Exercises and Entertainments Enjoyed

75,000 IN CITY FOR ENCAMPMENT

Patriotic exercises and entertainments incident to the forty-ninth annual encampment of the G. A. R. are in full sway today and will reach a climax tonight when President Wilson welcomes the veterans in the name of the nation they saved and their hosts, the people of Washington, in Camp Emery.

Long before Washington was awake the streets of the city were crowded with early rising veterans prepared for a strenuous day attending the various affairs arranged by the G. A. R. and the entertainment committee. There were countless places to go to witness patriotic spectacles, and the veterans, seemingly unmindful of their long march tomorrow, tramped here and there and everywhere to see all that was to be seen.

GATHER ON BATTLEFIELD.

The most impressive exercises of the day were held at Fort Stevens, in Brightwood, where the survivors of the Sixth Army Corps assembled and held a reunion on the spot . where, on July 12, 1864, they repulsed Gen. Jubal A. Early and a large force of Confederates bent on capturing Washington. This afternoon the veterans of the Sixth placed several wreaths of flowers on the grave of Gen. Horatio G. Wright in Arlington Cemetery.

Another impressive gathering was that of the Veteran Signal Corps on Georgetown Heights, where they held a reunion on the spot where they were quartered throughout the civil war.

This afternoon the veterans and other visitors flocked to the White Lot to witness a spectacular drill by two troops of the Fifth Cavalry, commanded by Col. Wilbur Wilder. Another large crowd gathered in Potomac Park to attend the tree-planting exercises in which Commander-in-Chief David J. Palmer participated.

Throughout the day veterans thronged the streets, boarded sightseeing automobiles or street cars to see the points of interest around the city. Pennsylvania avenue was crowded like inauguration days, the throng being in happy good humor and seeming to be enjoying itself to the full.

75,000 VISITORS NOW IN THE CITY.

Although no one has counted the several hundred strong, renewed old crowd, it is estimated that more than acquaintances, and recounted the epi-75,000 veterans and other visitors are sodes of the famed struggle at this now within the city's gates to attend point that determined the fate of the the encampment, and special trains Capital. bringing more survivors and spectators are arriving at Union Station every few

Hotel proprietors say their business has rivaled, if it has not eclipsed, that erate musketry fire zipped about him. of inaugurations. They agree that Washington is entertaining one of the largest crowds that has thronged the and packed the hotels of the city for many years. At the Raleigh, official headquarters of the G. A. R., where Commander-in-chief Palmer is stopping and where the credentials committee has its office, one of the densest crowds ever seen in a Washington hotel was observed.

Throngs See Palmer.

All the veterans and their wives wanted to see the commander-in-chief, whose office is on the second floor. The two commodious elevators were entirely inadequate to carry up the crowd, and bundreds of veterans used the stairs. Forming in line at the bottom of the stairs veterans walked up and timed the trip. More than ten minutes was required to travel from one floor to another, so dense was the crowd.
At Camp Emery similar huge crowds

were seen in front of and in all the rooms of the immense structure. The merry laughter of veterans mingled with the shrill music of the fife played by a veteran tuning up for tomorrow's parade and the rattle of drums beaten by half a dozen old drummer boys who had gotten up an argument as to their had gotten up an argument as to their drum-beating prowess.

Survivors of Battle At Fort Stevens Recall Defense of Washington

A mere handful of survivors of the old Sixth Army Corps that saved the Capital from capture and possible devastation at the hands of Jubal Early. gathered on the historic parapets of old Fort Stevens this morning to feel again the jubilation of victory and to consecrate the graves of comrades who

The old Sixth Corps held its reunion within the environs of the fort at 19 o'clock this morning, and the voterans

There were many present who still carried with them a mental picture of Abraham Lincoln, as he stood upon the parapet, smiling benignly as Confed-It was largely about the martyred President and his only experience on the battle-front that the reunion exercises today centered, and upon the con-clusion of the formal program the vet-erans broke up into brigade, regiment, and even company groups to reofice together. One such group, holding hands in a great circle, made the wel-kin ring with the strains of "Auld Lang Syne."

Kline Welcomes Veterans.

At the formal exercises, Comrade John M. Kline, chairman of the Sixth Army Corps reunion committee, made ing veterans and their guests, telling of the significance of the events in last night. According to the family phywhich the men gathered about the sician death was due to heart disease. Lincoln boulder had immortalized themselves. He presented Col. Wil-J. Wray, president of the Soci-of the Sixth Army Corps, who presided

ety of the Sixth Army Corps, who presided.

Comrade George T. Stevens, who was operating surgeon of the Seventy-seventh New York regiment, told of the hurry call that brought the Sixth Corps up the Potomac from Virginia to meet Early's advance. He registed to meet Early's advance. He recit-ed in detail the events of the embarkation and the disembarkation at the Seventh street wharf, and the hurling of General Wright's column north along Seventh street and out the pike to meet Early's advancing forces.

The people of Washington, he said, welcomed the troops as saviors of the city, and women supplied them with bread and meats on the march, and children poured them hot coffee, as they hurried through the streets Northward. The advance historical for the ward. The advance bivousced for the night of the 10th on the heights just outside of Washington, and the next day advanced to Fort Stevens. A hospital was established in the fort barracks, and preparations met to meet early. The advance guard of the two forces met fust north of the fort in the little valley that still remains. It was at the cemetery there that the

was at the cemetery there that the heaviest fighting occurred. Surgeon Stevens told of the arrival of the President and Mrs. Lincoln at the (Continued on Second Page.)



AUSTRIA RECALLS TAPS AT ARLINGTON AMBASSADOR HERE FOR F-4 VICTIMS

ords and reports handled by him followed.

The first count of the indictment charges that on October 3, 1912, Sherwood took \$20. The second, that on June 30, 1913, \$5.25 was embezzled. The sum of \$157, it is charged in the third count, was taken, and the fourth recities that on December 31, 1914, \$92 was embezzled. Sherwood's alleged misconduct is said o have stretched over a long period. Sherwood's arrest last March created a big surprise in court circles. He had Question of von Nuber and Sherwood's arrest last March created a big surprise in court circles. He had little difficult procuring \$5,000 bond. His bondsman is George W. Ray.

Sherwood was appointed office deputy under Aulick Palmer, and served as stenographer until designated disbusing officer January 1, 1908. In 1909 he was increased from \$1,800 to \$2,000 a year. From February 1, 1909, until March 25, 1915, he had supervision over all routine matters in the marshal's office, received von Papen Still Open.

United States." Over \$1,200 is involved

Sherwood was arrested March 28 last.

when irregularities were discovered in

the books of the United States mar-

shal's office. Investigation of the rec

ords and reports handled by him fol-

matters in the marshal's office, received

all money, directed the service of we and personally kept the cash book, is thirty-five years old and married.

MRS. LODGE DIES AT

Heart Disease.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.-Mrs. Henry Crhot

Although Mrs. Lodge had been in

poor health during the summer, her

condition was at no time believed seri-

vard.

She leaves, besides the Senator, a son,
John E. Lodge, and a daughter, Mrs.
Augustus P. Gardner, of Hamilton,
wife of Congressman Gardner.

REVOLT AGAINST VAL

LONDON. Sept. 28.-The Mussulman population of Adrianople has risen in

revolt against Adil Bey, Turkish vali

of Adrianople, according to the Athens

correspondent of the Exchange Tele-

graph, who cabled today that the vali's

two sons and two chauffeurs were killed

n the indictments.

The Austrian government has recall-Department is arranging safe con duct for the ambassador, and he will sail from New York October 5. Vienna unconditionally recalls D Dumba. The Dumba incident is prac ically closed. No complications have

resulted, and the goo drelations between the two nations will not be disturbed. Still remaining is the question of whether Consul General von Nuber NAHANT, MASS., HOME and Captain von Papen, the German

Department has made no announce

Burian of Austria that the recall of Dumba was final was announced by Acting Secretary of State Polk today. Dr. Dumba sought, after his recall was requested by this Government, to obtain recall on leave of absence. The State Department, however, refused to issue safe conduct under such an arrangement. The outcome will be considered a diplomatic victory for the Administration. The conversation between Ambassador Penfield and Foreign Minister Burian is considered equivalent to formal assurgidered equivalent to formal equivalent to fo Wife of the Senior Senator From Bay State Succumbs to Lodge, wife of Massachusetts' senior Senator, it became known today, died at sidered equivalent to formal assurthe Lodge home in Nahant at 11 o'clock Dumba.

Dumba.
Safe conduct for Mme. Dumba and her maid has already been issued.
As given out at the State Department today, Ambassador Penfield was notified Saturday that the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs had sent a message to Dr. Dumba, directing him to proceed at once to Austria.
At the same time Foreign Minister Burian informed Penfield that the recall was final.
Acting Secretary Polk said that there Acting Secretary Polk said that there would be little delay in securing safe

conduct.
Acting Secretary Polk has been over the papers taken from Archibald. They are said to contain nothing of importance not before published.

BEGUN IN ADRIANOPLE Bernstorff Conference With Lansing Expected To End the Arabic Case

Ambassador von Bernstorff is ex-pected to hold a conference this week with Secretary Lansing to make a turther statement of the attitude of his government in the Arabic case.

It was supposed he would await the return of Secretary Lansing, but Secretary Lansing thinks delay unnecessary. two sons and two cnaurreurs were killed and his wife injured by a mob.

The correspondent reported that money is being removed from leading Turkish banks and transferred to Asia Minor, and that inhabitants of villages alone the Sea of Marmora have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to evacuate. The point is that this Government is have the Arabic incident dis-Ambassador von Bernstorff

Envoy Will Sail October 5. Full Military Honors Paid Men Who Perished in Submarine At Honolulu.

The bodies of fourteen of the F-4 vicel Ambassador Dumba. The State tims were buried in Arlington Cemetery today

> Full military honors were accorded the unidentified bodies, which were laid to rest in four large caskets. Secretary Daniels and members of his advisory board were present. The funeral procession

the Washington Navy Yard at & o'clock. As the cortege passed up Pennsylvania avenue hundreds of G. A. R. veterans bared their heads and a number attended the services, which took place military attache, are to go. The State at Arlington at 10 o'clock. Among the mourners was the widow of Lleutenant

Department has made no announcement.

The fact that Ambassador Penfiel!!
had been notified by Foreign Minister Burian of Austria that the recall of Dumba was final was announced by Acting Secretary of State Polk today.

The Dumba sought, after his reall the final chapter in the tragedy of the final chapter in the final chapter i

President Wilson sent a floral wreath as his tribt .e to the victims of the sub

U. S. MARINES IN HAITIAN SKIRMISH

Caco Chief Shot, Reports Rear Admiral Caperton in Communication.

More fighting in Haiti is reported in dispatches of Rear Admiral Caperton to the Navy Department. A Car chief was killed by marines in a skirmish yesterday. No more marines have suffered since Sunday.

Colonel Cole, with a detachment of marines, was sent to Quartier Morin, near Cape Haitien. He met no resistance until the return. The rear guard was fired on. The marines fired back and the chief was killed.

ON GERMAN LINES Germans Are Holding Firm At Most Sectors Under Stubborn Assaults-Battle Renewed With Unabated Fury Near

ALLIED ATTEMPT

DRIVE WILL FAIL, BERLIN ASSERTS

Lens—British Office Silent.

Paris Claims Fresh Successes As Germans Pour Re-enforcements At Threatened Points-War Office Asserts Second Row of Trenches Is Assailed.

By ED L. KEEN.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Slight additional progress along the French front was recorded in this afternoon's official Paris communique dealing with the great Anglos French offensive, but there is evidence that the Germans have recovered from the first blows and are now holding their own at most sectors of the battlefront.

The French communique was brief. It reported gains in both the Artois and the Champagne region, but laid stress upon the strength of the German positions now being attacked in the Champagne, thereby giving warning that no crushing defeat of the Germans must be expected.

Early this afternoon neither the British nor the German war office official statement on the last twenty-four hours fighting in France and Flanders had been made public. What occurred last night in the violent battling on the British front is not definitely known.

Military critics in London, however, do not expect any smashing gains through the German line, such as were reported on the first day of the British attack They believe that the British onslaughts are directed largely for the purpose of drawing off German reserves to the British front, thus enabling the French to continue their attacks around Souchez with better prospects of success.

Allies Hurl Infantry Upon Lines of Germans

obstinate resistance, the French have ing with remarkable success. made further gains by infantry charges, nounced this afternoon

tols fronts, where the Anglo-French of- General French's hosts.

hills held by the Germans in those re-

fortified German second line trenches at several points in the Champaghe region. Slight progress was made toward La-Justice, north of Massiges, and a few miles west of Ville-S-Tourbe. Further west a French detachment is approach-ing Hill No. 185, north of the Wacques farm. fortified German second line trenches at

Inflict Heavy Losses.

At other sectors of the Champagne front the French inflicted heavy losses on the enemy, though they were unable, in some instances, to pierce the strong German wire defenses.

The attempt by the crown prince t divert the French from the Champagne by attacking in the Argonne region proved fruitless. During last night French troops took the offensive in the Argonne and recaptured nearly all the trench sections taken by the crown rince's armies.

The crown prince threw eighteen bat-talions against the French lines around the hill known as "The Daughter of oath." and elsewhere in the Argon

Death," and elsewhere in the Argonne. When the Germans finally retired to their trenches the slopes of "The Daughter of Death" were covered with German bodies.

The chalky hills of the Champagne region are throwing up great white clouds of dust under the constant hammering of French and German shells. Dead and wounded are being mantled by a snow-white powder spletched with crimson.

The Germans under General Von Fabeck are battling desperately in the beck are battling desperately in the movements from the allies at points Champagne to save the Bazancourt- now seemingly inactive."

Argonne railway, toward which the German armies have been moving sirce early Saturday. All the French gains are being held and the newly captured positions improved to meet

PARIS, Sept. 28.-Despite the most hard barrier, General French is driv-British Seize Trenches.

After the first shock of battle, the Bayarian Crown Prince Supprecht The fighting of the last twenty-four rushed up his reserves and called for hours on all sectors of the battlefront re-enforcements. Throughout yesterhas been attended by heavy losses on day his troops made repeated efforts both sides. Steady streams of fire are to get a new grip on their positions playing across the Champagne and Ar- and start a counter-offensive against

The British beat down each separate By steady onslaughts throughout last attempt, maintained themselves in night the French gained ground east their newly captured works and imand south of Souchez, approaching the proved their hold on the territory before Mons by capturing additional

trench sections.

The French losses in the first three days of the fighting are understood to have been surprisingly small in view of the fact that they were every-where on the offensive. This was due to the fact that German trenches had been so badly wrecked by con-centrated artillery fire that the enemy could offer no effectual resist-

Fight In Rain Storm.

Wounded officers arriving in Paris report that several hours of the first day of the battle was fought in & driving rain that drenched men to the skin. To add to their discomfort, a raw wind was blowing from Flanders to the Vosges.

"But in spite of their discomfort," said one wounded officer, "my men turned their faces skyward and laughed because at last they had been turned loose to bite their way through the 'Boches'." Military critics in Paris are par-

ticularly elated over the allies successes because the men showed no ill effects from a year of comparative inaction in the trenches.

The Tempes gives warning that too much must not be expected of the new offensive movement of the allies.

counter attacks.

To the north, the British are reported to be making further progress under the greatest difficulties.

The strongest defensive line of the western front reaches from Arras northward to the see.

A chance shot from one of the German guns struck a Russian vessel, killing Commander Prince Wissemski Captain Swinin, and five others, and wounding eight callors.